

# Ellipses

Name \_\_\_\_\_

For each problem, find the center, which axis the major axis is parallel to, distance left/right from center, distance up/down from the center, and the length of the major axis and the length of the minor axis. Then sketch the graph.

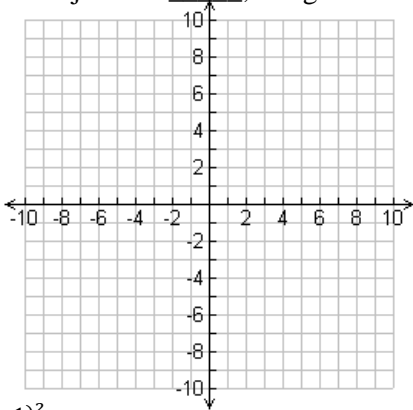
1.  $\frac{(x+3)^2}{25} + \frac{(y+2)^2}{1} = 1$

Center: \_\_\_\_\_; Major axis parallel to \_\_\_\_\_

Distance left/right from center = \_\_\_\_\_

Distance up/down from center = \_\_\_\_\_

Length of major axis: \_\_\_\_\_; Length minor axis: \_\_\_\_\_



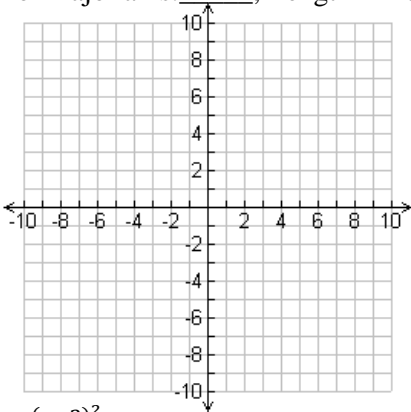
2.  $\frac{x^2}{49} + \frac{(y-1)^2}{4} = 1$

Center: \_\_\_\_\_; Major axis parallel to \_\_\_\_\_

Distance left/right from center = \_\_\_\_\_

Distance up/down from center = \_\_\_\_\_

Length of major axis: \_\_\_\_\_; Length minor axis: \_\_\_\_\_



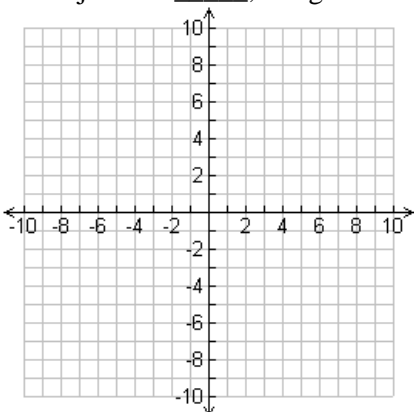
3.  $\frac{(x+1)^2}{81} + \frac{(y-2)^2}{16} = 1$

Center: \_\_\_\_\_; Major axis parallel to \_\_\_\_\_

Distance left/right from center = \_\_\_\_\_

Distance up/down from center = \_\_\_\_\_

Length of major axis: \_\_\_\_\_; Length minor axis: \_\_\_\_\_



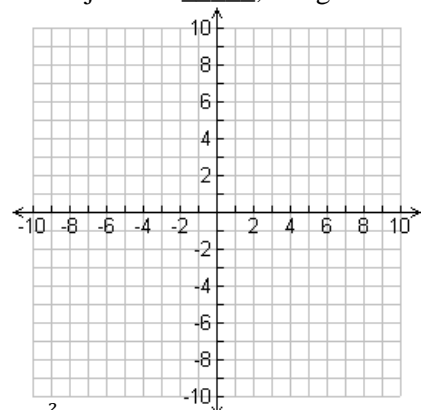
4.  $\frac{(x-2)^2}{9} + \frac{(y-1)^2}{16} = 1$

Center: \_\_\_\_\_; Major axis parallel to \_\_\_\_\_

Distance left/right from center = \_\_\_\_\_

Distance up/down from center = \_\_\_\_\_

Length of major axis: \_\_\_\_\_; Length minor axis: \_\_\_\_\_



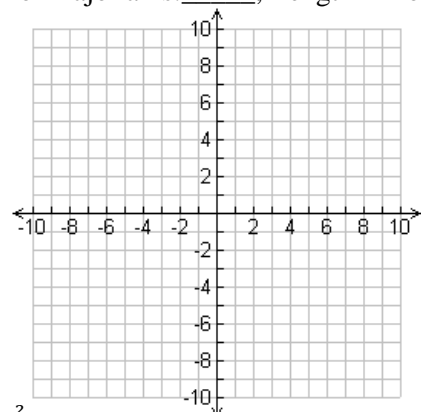
5.  $\frac{(x-3)^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{36} = 1$

Center: \_\_\_\_\_; Major axis parallel to \_\_\_\_\_

Distance left/right from center = \_\_\_\_\_

Distance up/down from center = \_\_\_\_\_

Length of major axis: \_\_\_\_\_; Length minor axis: \_\_\_\_\_



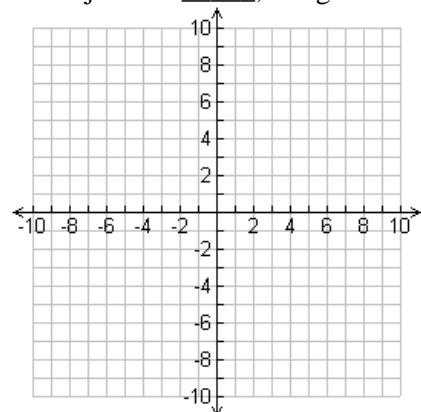
6.  $\frac{x^2}{100} + \frac{y^2}{49} = 1$

Center: \_\_\_\_\_; Major axis parallel to \_\_\_\_\_

Distance left/right from center = \_\_\_\_\_

Distance up/down from center = \_\_\_\_\_

Length of major axis: \_\_\_\_\_; Length minor axis: \_\_\_\_\_



Determine whether the following equations are parabolas, circles, ellipses, or neither.

7.  $x^2 - 3y = 6$

8.  $-(x - 1)^2 - y^2 = -25$

9.  $2x - 3y = 8$

10.  $x = \frac{1}{2}(y - 6)^2 - 2$

11.  $(x - 1)^2 + \frac{(y-3)^2}{4} = 1$

12.  $\frac{(x+4)^2}{9} + \frac{(y-1)^2}{9} = 1$

13.  $2x^4 - 3y^3 - 8y + 1 = 0$

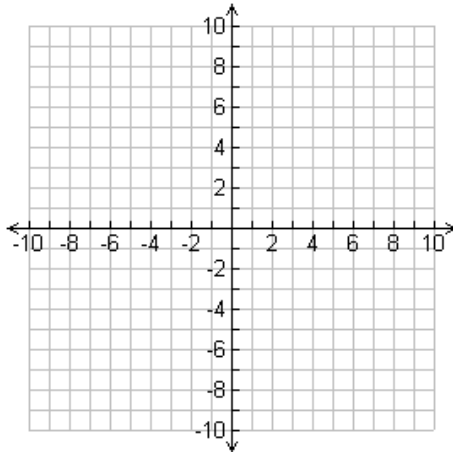
14.  $\frac{(x+7)^2}{25} + \frac{y^2}{16} = 1$

Determine the center and radius of each circle. Then sketch the graph.

15.  $(x - 5)^2 + y^2 = 16$

Center = \_\_\_\_\_

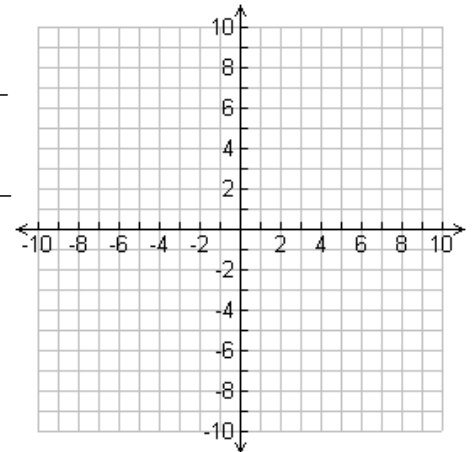
Radius = \_\_\_\_\_



16.  $(x + 2)^2 + (y + 1)^2 = 49$

Center = \_\_\_\_\_

Radius = \_\_\_\_\_

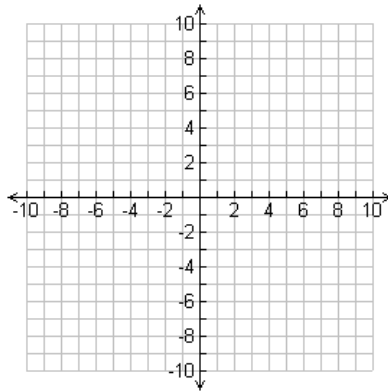


Determine the vertex and direction of opening for each parabola. Then sketch the graph.

17.  $x = (y + 5)^2 + 1$

Vertex = \_\_\_\_\_

Opens = \_\_\_\_\_



18.  $y = -3(x - 4)^2 + 3$

Vertex = \_\_\_\_\_

Opens = \_\_\_\_\_

