

Area

Perimeter—distance around a figure

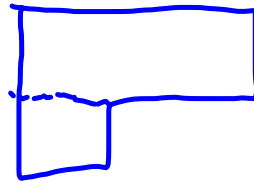
- Measured in units of length: in, ft, yd, cm, m
- Polygons: add up all of the side lengths

Area—amount of surface covered by a figure

- Measured in square units: in^2 , ft^2 , yd^2 , cm^2 , m^2

Area Addition Postulate

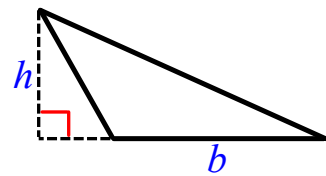
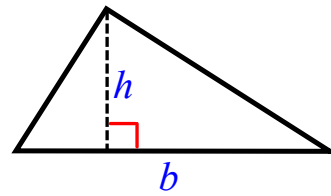
The area of a region is the sum of the areas of its nonoverlapping parts.



Area of a Triangle

$$A = \frac{1}{2} b \cdot h$$

remember: $b \perp h$

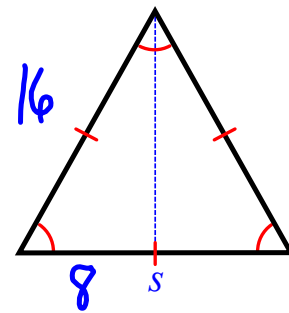


Area of a Regular Triangle

$$A = \frac{1}{4} s^2 \sqrt{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} (16)^2 \sqrt{3}$$

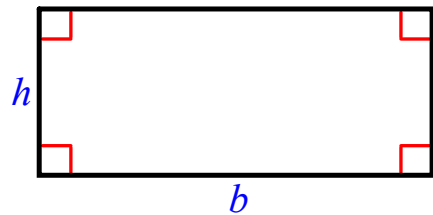
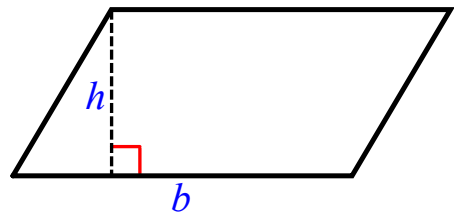
$$64\sqrt{3}$$



Area of a Parallelogram/Rectangle

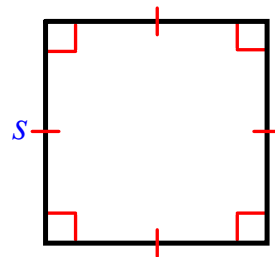
$$A = b \cdot h$$

remember: $b \perp h$



Area of a Square

$$A = s^2$$

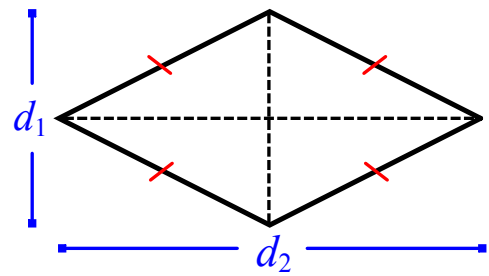


Area of a Rhombus

A rhombus is a type of parallelogram, so you can use
 $A = b \cdot h$

OR

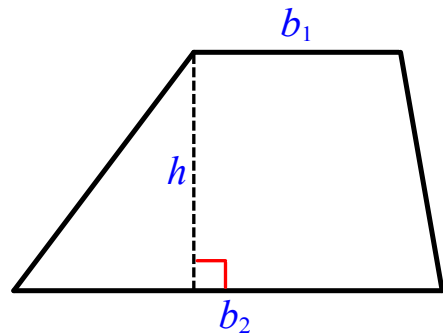
$$A = \frac{1}{2} d_1 \cdot d_2$$



Height of a trapezoid—the perpendicular distance between its bases

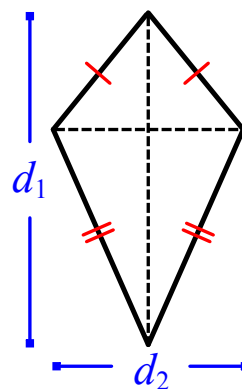
Area of a Trapezoid

$$A = \frac{1}{2}h(b_1 + b_2)$$



Area of a Kite

$$A = \frac{1}{2} d_1 \cdot d_2$$

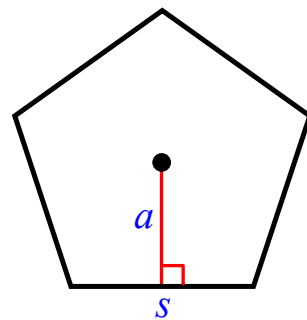


Apothem of a polygon—the perpendicular distance from the center to the midpoint of any side of a regular polygon

Area of a Regular Polygon

$$A = \frac{1}{2} a \cdot P$$

a —apothem, P —perimeter

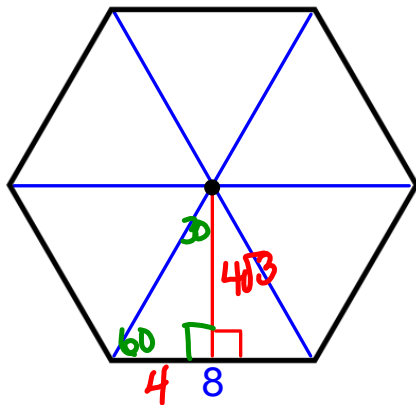


For a regular n -gon:

perimeter = number of sides \times side length

$$P = n \cdot s$$

Area of a Regular Hexagon



A hexagon can be divided into 6 regular triangles

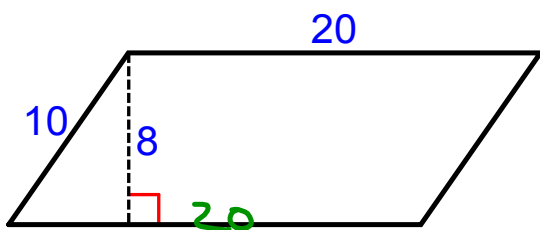
$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot 8 \cdot 4\sqrt{3} \cdot 6$$

$$96\sqrt{3} \text{ units}^2$$

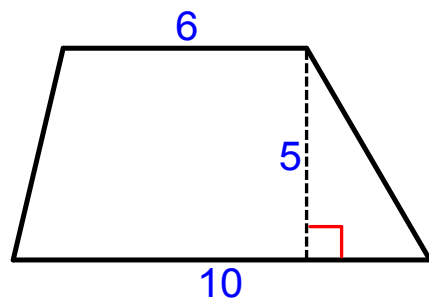
Finding the area of a hexagon without using $A = \frac{1}{2} a \cdot P$

1. Find the area of one regular triangle.
2. Then multiply by 6.

Find the area of the polygon.

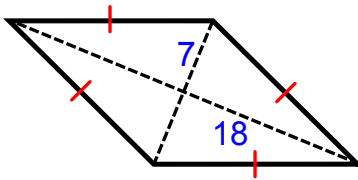


$$\begin{aligned}A &= b \cdot h \\A &= 20 \cdot 8 \\&= 160 \text{ units}^2\end{aligned}$$



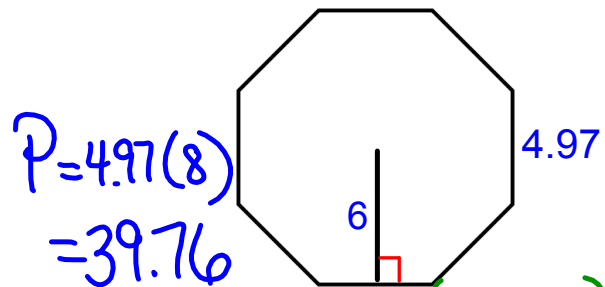
$$\begin{aligned}A &= \frac{1}{2}h(b_1 + b_2) \\&= \frac{1}{2}(5)(10 + 6) \\&= \frac{1}{2}(5)(16) \\&= 40 \text{ units}^2\end{aligned}$$

Find the area of the polygon.



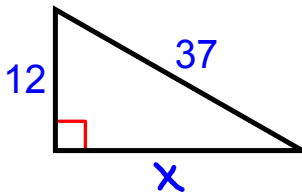
$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= \frac{1}{2} d_1 \cdot d_2 \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} (18)(7) \\
 &= 63 \text{ units}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} a P$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= \frac{1}{2} (a)(P) \\
 &= 119.28 \text{ units}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

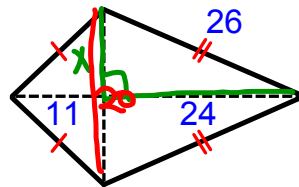
Find the area of the polygon.



$$x^2 + 12^2 = 37^2$$

$$x = 35$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(12)(35) \\ = 210 \text{ units}^2$$



$$x^2 + 24^2 = 26^2$$

$$x = 10$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(20)(35) \\ = 350 \text{ units}^2$$

Conclusion

- 1. Name a Perimeter Formula and explain it to your partner.**
- 2. Name an Area Formula and explain it to your partner.**
- 3. Questions????**

Assignment

Area Wkst #1