

## Objective: convert between degrees and radians

Math history?

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19, 33, 31

(19) |  $1.57 - 1 = 0.57$   
 $3.14 - 1 = 2.14$

(31) b  $-36^\circ$   $-36^\circ + 360^\circ = 324^\circ$   
 $-36^\circ - 360^\circ = -396^\circ$

(33) b  $230^\circ$   $230^\circ + 360^\circ = 590^\circ$   
 $230^\circ - 360^\circ = -130^\circ$

(3) a  $-\frac{9\pi}{4}$   $-\frac{9\pi}{4} + 2\pi$   
 $-\frac{9\pi}{4} + \frac{8\pi}{4} = -\frac{\pi}{4}$   
 $-\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{8\pi}{4} = \frac{7\pi}{4}$

Aug 24-10:34 AM

## WARM UP

Define in your own words:

- Degree  $\frac{1}{360}$ th of  $\odot$
- Radian arc length = radius of  $\odot$
- Coterminal angles  $\angle$ s have same terminal side.
- Complementary angles 2 positive  $\angle$ s sum is  $90^\circ$  or  $\frac{\pi}{2}$
- Supplementary angles 2 positive  $\angle$ s sum is  $180^\circ$  or  $\pi$

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Q: How many degrees is  $1/r$  radians?

A:  $180^\circ$   $\frac{\pi}{180^\circ}$  or  $\frac{180^\circ}{\pi}$

To convert from degrees to radians:

$$\times \frac{\pi}{180}$$

To convert from radians to degrees:

$$\times \frac{180}{\pi}$$

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**Example**  
**Convert degrees to radians.**  
 a)  $30^\circ \times \frac{\pi}{180} = \frac{\pi}{6}$     b)  $320^\circ \times \frac{\pi}{180} = \frac{16\pi}{9}$     c)  $-50^\circ \times \frac{\pi}{180} = -\frac{5\pi}{18}$

**Convert radians to degrees.**  
 a)  $\frac{\pi}{3} \times \frac{180}{\pi} = 60^\circ$     b)  $\frac{5\pi}{3} \times \frac{180}{\pi} = 300^\circ$     c) 3 radians  
 $3 \cdot \frac{180}{\pi} = \frac{540}{\pi} \approx 171.89^\circ$   
 $\frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{180^\circ}{3} = 60^\circ$

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**WARM UP II**  
 Give the lengths of the following pieces of a circle with radius 4 units:

- Length (circumference) of entire circle
- Length of only top half
- Length of a quarter of the circle

**What do you notice or wonder?**

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**Arc Length** For a  $\odot$  of radius  $r$ , a central angle  $\theta$  intercepts an arc of length  $s$ .  $S = r\theta$   
 $\theta$  in radians

**Example**  
 A circle has a radius of 27 inches. Find the length of the arc intercepted by a central angle of 160 degrees.

Convert degrees to radians  
 $160^\circ \times \frac{\pi}{180} = \frac{8\pi}{9}$

$S = r\theta$   
 $S = 27 \cdot \frac{8\pi}{9}$   
 $S = 24\pi \text{ in.}$   
 $\approx 75.4 \text{ in.}$  (HW) #266-#71

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Old school stuff...

$64^\circ 32' 47''$  minutes seconds

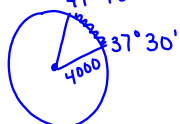
$64^\circ + \frac{32}{60} + \frac{47}{3600}$   
 $64 + .533 + .013$   
 $64.546^\circ$

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Find the distance (length!) between the cities. Assume Earth is a sphere of radius 4000 miles and the cities are on a the same longitude (one city is due north of the other city).

San Francisco  $37^{\circ}30'$  N

Seattle  $47^{\circ}40'$  N



$$S = r\theta$$

$$S = 4000(.177)$$

$$S = 708 \text{ miles}$$

$$10.167^{\circ} \times \frac{\pi}{180} = .177$$

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## HOMEWORK

...can you switch from degrees to radians and think like a mature mathematician? How? Discuss arc length with your partner and come up with your own definition. Tell me.

4.1: Hmwk #2

Page 266 39-75 odds, 76, 77-85 every other odd, 89, 91, 93

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